



New Way English Reader

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HELP-KIT

6-8



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E-LEARNING
INSTRUCTOR'S HANDBOOK
SOLVABLE QUESTIONNAIRE
LESSON PLANS
EXAM MAKER

E. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. They call her Mother Earth with love and affection. That is because, for hundreds of years, I have taken good care of people, just as, as mother takes care of her children.
2. Mother Earth gives us food to eat, like rice, wheat and fruits. We also wear clothes made of cotton and live in houses made of leaves, wood and bricks.
3. People have big axes to cut the trees down and cars and buses to pollute air with smoke and fumes.
4. Teacher must have told you about forests and mountains help to make rain and keep life on earth going. But nowadays, even mountains and forests are being destroyed.
5. She is very sad about what is being done to her. That is why she is talking to us. We will all grow up and become good citizens and she wants us to take care of her. Plant more trees in our house, in our school, and in our towns and villages.
- Think now, after all we have just one Mother Earth.
She trust we will take care of her well.

Word Power

Use the appropriate forms of the given words to complete the sentences :

1. Most of the people **believe** in God.
2. The sun **sets** in the west.
3. My grandfather **tells** me a story every night.
4. Children **fly** kites in the month of February.
5. We **say** prayers in the morning.
6. She **eats** an apple everyday.
7. He **translates** the story from Hindi to English.
8. This carpenter **makes** tables only.

Grammar In Use

A. Fill in the blanks with 'write' or 'writes' :

- Ans.** 1. Joseph **writes** a letter to his father every month.
2. They **write** essays in their notebooks.
3. She **writes** an article for the newspaper.
4. Can you **write** this message for me?
5. Please **write** this address on the letter.
6. Will you **write** to him today?

B. Fill in the blanks with phrasal verbs from the box that mean the same as the words within the brackets :

- Ans.** 1. The principal will **call at** my house tomorrow.
2. I want to **cast off** my old car.
3. The patient is in a serious condition. Please **call in** the doctor at once.
4. You should **act upon** your father's advice.
5. The school will **breakup** for summer vacation in May 2, 20 ____.
6. After the death of her father, she was **brought up** by her uncle.

Let's Talk

Ans. Do it yourself

Writing Zone

Ans. I caught him and prison him to Jail. I was interrogating him. I got shocked when I know his past. He has a big family. He is very poor. He does not want to do this work but he has to do. He gets money by this and feed his family. He is such a poor guy. I really feel bad him. He is innocent and does not want to kill animals but his master forced him for it. I will arrest all the people who are behind it. ok, Take care Bye-Bye

Yours Truly

V.K. Singh

Forest officer

NEP : Life Skills

Ans. Do it yourself

Suggested Activity

Ans. Do it yourself



4

A Night Among the Pines

Exercise

A. Oral Questions :

Ans. 1. Yes, I have visited.
2. Teak, pine etc.

B. Select and tick (✓) the correct option :

Ans. 1. b. 2. a. 3. c. 4. a.

C. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. At the top of the woods which were not very high, he got struck leftwards by a path among the pines, until he hit on a dell of green turf where the streamlet made a little spout over some stones to serve him for a water tap.
2. He said life inside room is monotonous and chocked inside the walls and under the roof but in open, night passes slowly under stars which shines like dewels and presence of fragrance like a perfume have. There is a change in the sky scenery at every hour.
3. He described, stars were clear, coloured and jewel like but not frosty. The sky was having a faint slavery vapour for the Milky Way. The colour of the sky behind the pines was reddish grey but it was grossy blue-black between the stars. The author correlated the shine of sky to his ring and said that the shiny of sky even fainted the shine of his ring.
4. The outer word impresses the author because all it was pure, calm, serine. It seemed to be like a gentle habitat place.
5. Modestine was a donkey.

2. The group of **ministers** approached the king's **barber** with a **plan**.
3. The king was furious at such **impertinent** stupidity.
4. Birbal built a **tunnel** from the funeral grounds to his house.
5. The barber was caught in his own **trap**.

D. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.**
1. Birbal was not only Emperor Akbar's favourite minister but also a minister dearly loved by most of the commoners, because of his ready wit and wisdom. People used to come to him from far and wide for advice on personal matters too.
 2. There was a group of ministers who were jealous of his growing popularity and disliked him intensely.
 3. One day they approached the king's barber with a plan. As the barber was extremely close to the king, they asked him to help them get rid of Birbal permanently. And, of course, they promised him a huge sum of money in return. The wicked barber readily agreed.
 4. The barber started a conversation about the emperor's father who he also used to serve. He sang praises of his fine, silky-smooth hair. And then as an afterthought, he asked the king that as he was enjoying such great prosperity, had he made an attempt to do anything for the welfare of his ancestors?
The king was furious at such impertinent stupidity and told the barber that it was not possible to do anything because they were already dead. The barber mentioned that he knew of a magician who could come and help. The magician could send a person up to heaven to enquire about his father's welfare. But, of course, this person would have to be intelligent enough to follow the magician's instructions as well as make on-the-spot decisions.
 5. This person would have to be intelligent enough to follow the magician's instructions as well as make on-the-spot decisions. He must be wise, intelligent and responsible. The barber then suggested the best person for the job the wisest of all ministers, Birbal.
The king was very excited about hearing from his dead father and asked the barber to go ahead and make the arrangements immediately.
 6. The barber explained that they would take Birbal in a procession to the burial grounds and light a pyre. The magician would then chant some mantras as Birbal would ascend to the heavens through the smoke. The chantings would help protect Birbal from the fire.
 7. Birbal agreed to go to heaven on a condition that he be given a large sum of money for the long journey as well as one month's time to settle his family so that they had no trouble while he was gone.
 8. Birbal escaped through the concealed door of the tunnel. He disappeared into his house where he hid for a few months while his hair and beard grew long and untidy.

9. The king wanted to know that was lacking because now he thought he had found way to send things and people to heaven. Birbal answered that there were no barbers in heaven, which is why even he was forced to grow his own beard. He said that his father had asked for a good barber. So the king decided to send his own barber to serve his father in heaven. He called both the barber and the magician to prepare to send him to heaven. The barber could say absolutely nothing in his own defense as he was caught in his own trap. And once the pyre was lit and he died on the spot.

Word Power

A. Match each word with the group that it fits in :

- Ans. 1. league (iii) kilometres, miles, metres, yards
 2. spectator (iv) audience, listeners, watchers, onlookers.
 3. spur (ii) urge, girdle, motivate, activate
 4. dismount (i) disassemble, dismantle, unload

B. In each set of words given below, only one word has the correct spelling. Underline that word. Also write which letters cause the confusion in each word :

- | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Ans. 1. definitely | <u>definitely</u> | definately |
| 2. reflektion | reflecsion | <u>reflection</u> |
| 3. <u>embarrass</u> | emdbaras | embarass |
| 4. <u>accommodate</u> | acommodate | acomodate |
| 5. inoculate | incoullate | <u>inoculate</u> |
| 6. <u>vacuum</u> | vaacum | vaccum |
| 7. <u>millennium</u> | millionium | milennium |
| 8. boquet | bouquet | <u>bouquet</u> |
| 9. separate | seperate | seprate |
| 10. <u>skillful</u> | skilful | skillfull |
| 11. sucessful | succesful | <u>successful</u> |
| 12. <u>responsibility</u> | responsability | responsiblty |

Grammar In Use

Complete the following sentences using reported speech. Change the tense wherever required :

- Ans. 1. Shilpa : "Write an e-mail!"
 Shilpa told me to write an e-mail.
 2. Arpita told me to open the window.
 3. Teacher told student to do his homework.
 4. Frida told Rakesh to wash his hands.
 5. Doris told Rahul to dance with her.
 6. Karan told me not to open the door.

Let's Talk

- Ans. Do it yourself.

Activity Corner

Ans. Do it yourself.

Suggested Activity

Ans. Do it yourself



6

The Happy Prince

Exercise

A. Oral Questions :

- Ans. 1. Statue of Happy Prince is installed on a high pedestal because he can see the ugliness and all the misery of his city.
2. The swallow wanted to go to Egypt.
3. Little swallow helped the prince.

B. Select and tick (✓) the correct option :

- Ans. 1. a. 2. b. 3. a. 4. b.

C. Fill in the blanks :

- Ans. 1. The ruby has fallen out of Prince's **sword**.
2. The little boys wore **scarlet caps** and skated on the ice.
3. The eyes of the Happy Prince were filled with **tears**.
4. The broken **heart** did not melt in the furnace.
5. The God asked to bring the two most **precious** things in the city.

D. Write True or False :

- Ans. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T.

E. Answer the following questions :

- Ans. 1. The prince was called happy because he did not know what tears were, for he lived in the palace, where sorrow is not allowed to enter. His courtiers called him the happy prince, and happy indeed he was. So he lived, and so he died. No, the prince was not happy after death.
2. All the next day he sat on the Prince's shoulder, and told him stories of what he had seen in strange lands.
3. The swallow wanted to bid a final goodbye to the prince by kissing his hand.
4. Then they melted the statue in a furnace. "What a strange thing!" said the overseer of the workmen at the foundry. "This broken lead heart will not melt in the furnace. We must throw it away." So they threw it on a dust heap where the dead swallow was also lying.
5. Angel brought him the leaden heart and the dead bird.
"You have rightly chosen," said God, "for in my garden of Paradise this little bird shall sing for ever more and in my city of gold the Happy Prince shall praise me."

Word Power

A. Make compound words by joining words from the two lists. Write them on the blanks :

Ans. 1. wheel	a. ground	wheelchair
2. note	b. spread	notebook
3. hard	c. chair	hardware
4. bed	d. book	bedspread
5. head	e. storm	headache
6. thunder	f. work	thunderstorm
7. home	g. ache	homework
8. play	h. ware	playground

B. Join the bubbles correctly to make new words. Write the words in your notebook. Be careful with the spellings.

Ans. 1. Contribute + tion	=	contribution
2. pain + ful	=	painful
3. auto + biography	=	autobiography
4. Complete + tion	=	Completion
5. en + able	=	enable
6. office + ial	=	official
7. remark + able	=	remarkable
8. furious + ly	=	furiously
9. wood + en	=	wooden
10. in + complete	=	incomplete

Grammar In Use

Fill in the blanks with the ing or ed forms of adjectives derived from the words in brackets:

- Ans. 1. This is a very **interesting** poem.
2. The naughty pup managed to chew the **concealed** wires.
3. My grandparents lead a **disciplined** life.
4. It is common these days to hear songs that are **modified** versions of old hits.
5. The **losing** team bounced back and scored three golds.
6. Tina loves to sit in her father's **revolving** chair.
7. There were hardly any **working** days during the whole of last week.
8. Yuki Bhambri is a young and **promising** tennis player.

Rewrite the following sentences using not only and but also :

- Ans. 1. In the new dance school, you can learn, not only Bharatnatyam but also Kuchipudi, Odissi and Kathak.
2. In the school bookshop, they have not only text books but also storybooks.

3. There are not only cars but also motorcycle, auto-rickshaws, cycle and pedestrians on our roads.
4. I like not only mangoes but also apples, guavas and litchis.

Let's Talk

Give suitable responses to the given situations. Work in pairs if you wish to :

- Ans.** A : I think each one of us would get a first division in the board exam.
B : Not possible!
A : The film was wonderful, isn't it?
B : I agree
A : What an innings he has played at this stage!
B : So, So
A : I think we would be in Mumbai by this evening.
B : May be
A : This case would be won by us.
B : I agree
A : Let us play cricket this Sunday.
B : I agree

Writing Zone

Ans. The living always think that gold can make them happy because gold is a precious metal. It is universal money everywhere. We can buy anything by gold. It is very useful to human being. It worths a lot of money. Poor people can get food or any desirable things by it. It is used as money or currency. We need it. We can buy anything for it. So it is very useful to us and make us happy too.

NEP : Multiple Intelligence

Find ten words in the word search. Then fill in the blanks :

- Ans.** 1. The Happy Prince is a **statue** that is in the Middle of Town.
2. It is covered in leaves of **gold**.
3. His eyes are two **sapphires**.
4. He's got a **sword** in his hands.
5. The bird in the story is a **swallow**.
6. The bird is love with a **statue**.
7. The period of time when a person tries to make another one fall in love with them **courtship**.
8. The part of the body birds use to fly **wing**.
9. Precious red stone **ruby**.
10. Drops that fall from our eyes when we cry **tears**.

Suggested Activity

Ans. Do it yourself

B. Select and tick (✓) the correct option :

Ans. 1. b. 2. b. 3. b. 4. b.

C. Fill in the blanks :

- Ans.** 1. A **boatload** of Japanese was leaving China for home.
2. '**Sayonara**' was the one word of Japanese which the narrator understood.
3. The vendor poured tea out of big **tin** into a little brown clay **teapot**.
4. The mother and nurse were dressed in Japanese **kimonos**.
5. **Farewell** is a father's good-bye.

D. What does the author say about the following good-bye words?

- Ans.** 1. It states, "It does not try to cheat itself by any bravado"
2. It means "God will be with you, God's hand will be over you and even-underneath", hidden, but it is there.
3. Farewell is a father of good-bye. It is- Go out in the world and do well, my son.
4. 'Sayonara' says neither too much nor too little. It is a simple acceptance of fact.

E. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. Sayonara is the only word of Japanese that the author called understand. He keep hearing the word at 3 the Yakohama station.
2. At the station there were glatter of wooden clogs, there were group of kimonos, babies jogging on their mother's back men carrying 4 to 5 bundles tied with different coloured furoshiki, old women walking with stick, man face is covered with hat is.
3. The companions travelling in the authors compartment occupied two long last seats raised on a slight platform separated from the next family by a partition. The mother and nurse were wearing kimonos, father in western suits and two little girls in green challis suits with Irish-lace collors and the baby in woollens.
4. The things were rice fields terraced up the narrow gully, thached roof & paper walls, heavy headed grain bents to a curve, the field of lotus leaves like big elephant ears, flapping on their tall stalks. Good bye to the little towns and their narrow cobbled streets eined-to the shops to the blue paper umbrellas in rains and little boys chasing flies.
5. As the boat was pulling out of Yakohoma, a rain of bright fireworks could be seen. One end of these coloured paper ribbons was held in hands of those on deck and the other by those on shore until a brilliant multicoloured web was spun between the ship and the shore. This was the shout of conversation that the boat was leaving.

Word Power

A. Match these farewell expressions with the country of their origin :

- | Ans. Expression | Country |
|------------------------|----------------|
| 1. auf wiedersehen | a. Germany |

- | | |
|--------------|------------|
| 2. au revoir | b. France |
| 3. farewell | c. England |
| 4. adios | d. Spain |
| 5. sayonara | e. Japan |
| 6. Namaste | f. India |

Grammar In Use

A. Pick out the adjectives in the following sentences. State their types :

- Ans.** 1. He poured out of his big tin into a little brown clay teapot. (quantity)
 2. The two girls were squatting on their feet on the blue plush seats. (quantity)
 3. The old women were knocking along with their wooden sticks. (quantity)
 4. It was good-bye to the thatched roofs and the paper walls. (quantity)

B. Do it yourself.

C. Indicate whether the pronouns in the following sentences are subject pronouns, object pronouns or possessive pronouns :

- Ans.** 1. We shouted and signalled as the train jerked forward. **Subject pronouns**
 2. I was to hear the voices again. **Subject**
 3. The vendor ran after us. **Objective**
 4. The shouts of conversation were unintelligible to me. **Objective**

Let's Talk

- Ans.** 1. (i) chains clanked (ii) warming whistle
 2. (i) flurry flock frightened
 3. (i) strands serpentine (ii) those they
 4. (i) ship shore

Writing Zone

- Ans.** Vipin Mehta
 702, main street
 Chennai, India,
 Plane damaged stop, we are safe stop returning by train.
 Rahul Agarwal,
 Bliqing China

Suggested Activity

- Ans.** Do it yourself.



Our World is at Risk

Exercise

A. Oral Questions :

- Ans.** 1. They kills the animals illegally.
 2. Place where animals of all the genus and species lives together.
 3. By protecting wildlife species.
 4. Zebra, Tiger, Panda, Elephants.

B. Select and tick (✓) the correct option :

Ans. 1. a. 2. c. 3. c. 4. b.

C. Fill in the blanks :

- Ans.** 1. Many species of **plants** and **animals** are in danger of becoming extinct.
2. The **dodo** was a large flightless bird of Mauritius.
3. The quagga was extinct by the year **1883**.
4. The destruction of the **rainforest** is the most urgent problem.
5. **Biodiversity** is the complete range of plant and animal species, the natural variation within them and the **ecosystems** in which they live.

D. Say whether these statements are True or False :

Ans. 1. False 2. True 3. False 4. True 5. True
6. True 7. False 8. True 9. True 10. True.

E. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. Because of hunting and destruction of rainforest, killing of animals for human wants.
2. The white settlers used to slaughter the quagga for their meat and hides.
3. Because it is the house for atleast half of the species.
4. It is the most famous and stands for World Wildlife Fund for Nature. Through the efforts of these organisation governments were persuaded to do more to conserve wildlife. Laws were made to bann or stop hunting and conserving endangered species.
5. Because at the end of this meeting the leaders of 150 countries are supposed to sign a treaty promising to protect biodiversity, complete range of plants and animals.

Word Power

Fill in the blanks with words from the following list. Use the correct form of the word :

- Ans.** 1. Many plants and animals are in danger of **extinct** because of human greed.
2. Smoke from factory chimneys is a major cause of **environment** pollution.
3. Oil is the major natural **resources** of countries such as Kuwait and Saudi Arabia.
4. India has several tiger **reserve** where the animals can live and breed without fear of being hunted down by poachers.
5. There has been no rain for the last two years. As a result we are expecting a severe **drought** this year.
6. As the power situation in the state is bad, the government has appealed to people to **conservation** electricity.
7. Mountain gorillas and giant pandas are just two of the many **endanger** species which are in need of protection.

Grammar In Use

Turn the following sentences from active to passive. Do not mention the doer if

you think it is not important :

- Ans.** 1. In recent years, more and more forests have been felled by human beings.
2. It is believed by many scientists that these plants might have value in treating cancer.
3. To protect biodiversity an international treaty was signed by leaders of 150 countries.
4. The tiger bones are powdered and sold as medicines by poachers.
5. Governments were persuaded by conservation societies to do more to conserve wildlife.
6. Quagga was slaughtered for its meat and hide by white settlers.
7. The soil is washed away by the rain leaving behind a desert that is of little use to anybody.

Let's Talk

Ans. Do it yourself

Writing Zone

Ans. The Tamarind Tree is a large, handsome, evergreen tree with spreading branches, It's trunk is thick and short. It has rough, and black bark which is covered with long cracks. Leaves are very graceful of tamarind tree. It is airy and each separated into many pairs of fringed stems. They are earlier brilliant green at first and gradually turning to dark green. Flowers of tamarind tree are three-petalled. They are pale yellow with red veins and hang together in same bunches around the leaves, fruits of this tree hang like long, thick curved green beans turn rust coloured as they ripen, they got dark brown, and squarish seeds. Pulp of this fruit is pleasant. It is used to sharp taste in curries, chutneys etc, and it is also used to polish brass. Its foiled and ground seed used pos flower by some tribal people. Its wood is used to made agricultural implement and used as fuel too. Yellow dye for silks is made with its leaves. It has some medicinal value too. So most parts of it used in medical tonics.

Suggested Activity

Ans. Do it yourself.



A Golden Bowl

Exercise

A. Oral Questions :

- Ans.** 1. Some shopkeepers try to cheat customers due to greed. They are dishonest and want as much profit as they can.
2. Yes, I am an honest person.
3. Greedy persons always feel shameful.
Greed is a cause of grief
Greed is a cause of our loss



Exercise

A. Oral Questions :

- Ans. 1. I will cover up me under a desk or a strong and sturdy table.
 2. Yes, I do.
 3. They teach us that how to drop, cover and half in earthquake.

B. Select and tick (✓) the correct option :

- Ans. 1. c. 2. b. 3. a.

C. Fill in the blanks :

- Ans. 1. Bahadur lived in the state of **uttarakhand** in **north India**.
 2. First inspector **Danny Drop** galloped in on his horse.
 3. We should always keep our shoes handy by our **bed at night**.
 4. **Hair Hold** came on a scooter.
 5. Suddenly Bahadur's **room** began to shake.

D. Answer the following questions :

- Ans. 1. No.
 2. (a) Go to a suitable and open place is possible.
 (b) lay straight with huge wall.
 (c) lay down under the table or bench or any strong desk.
 3. A torch and a whistle are most important.
 4. Do it yourself.

Word Power

Write 'C' for the countable nouns and 'U' for uncountable nouns :

- | | | |
|----------------|---------------|-------------|
| Ans. tiger (C) | bottles (C) | army (U) |
| father (C) | feet (C) | steam (U) |
| woman (C) | men (C) | courage (U) |
| dog (C) | teeth (C) | cheese (U) |
| chair (C) | spoons (C) | butter (U) |
| shirt (C) | ships (C) | grass (U) |
| minute (C) | computers (C) | fun (U) |
| day (C) | | |
| apple (C) | | |
| book (C) | | |
| joks (C) | | |

Grammar In Use

Replace the coloured words by a phrase. The given table will help :

- Ans. 1. She has a dress made of cotton.
 2. That boy is all by itself.
 3. Shivaji was of a brave nature and was full of wisdom.
 4. This act was certainly of great heroism.

B. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. The poet vows to love to his country.
2. 'All earthly things above' stands for all the natural things or the things which are present on earth is made by God.
3. The qualities of love that the poet speaks about in the first verse is brave; without fear; rigid; unshaken in any purpose, unquestioning love which never asks for money in return.
4. The other country is the US (United States) which the poet has mentioned. The speciality of the country is that it is most dear to those who loves her, and most great to them who knows. Her fort is the faithful heart and pride is suffering. Her path is towards peace in her shining boundaries.
5. There is no king of the other country. The other country doesn't have any enemies because its path is towards the peace.
6. The line states that the fort of the other country is the faithful heart and pride is suffering, little by little the area that the contains is increasing silently without any noise.
7. Yes, the poem can be called as a patriotic song.

Word Power

Write rhyming words for each from the poem :

Ans. above	love	test	best
price	sacrifice	ago	know
king	suffering	increase	peace

Writing Zone

Ans. Do it yourself

Suggested Activity

Ans. Do it yourself



13

Wind Farm

Exercise

A. Oral Questions :

- Ans.** 1. Liquefied Petroleum Gas.
2. Compressed Natural Gas.
3. Energy stored in moving air is called wind energy.
4. Coal, Petroleum.

B. Select and tick (✓) the correct option :

- Ans.** 1. a. 2. b. 3. c.

C. Fill in the blanks :

- Ans.** 1. **Oil, coal, petroleum** and **gas** are non-renewable sources of energy.
2. Sonu slowed down the vehicle to get a clear view of the **wind mills**.
3. The family members found themselves at the **gates** of a wind farm.

4. **Nacelle** houses the low and high speed shafts, gearbox and a generator.
5. There is a big gap between the **demand** for electricity and **supply**.

D. Write whether the following statements are True or False :

- Ans.** 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T
5. T 6. F 7. T 8. T.

E. Explain with reference to the context :

- Ans.** 1. It is obvious that world's energy is derived from fossil—oil, coal, petroleum and gas. These are non-renewable sources and they are fast running out. Therefore, there is a great necessity to for a new and renewable energy called non-conventional energy. It is also called alternate energy source.
2. Ram looked out to see gigantic structures dotting the sky line, with their arms waving gently. Sonu slowed down the vehicle for him to get a clear view of the wind mills.
3. "These are power cables which connect the turbine tower to the control panel."
4. "The control panel is the brain of the wind mill. It controls the functions of the wind mill with mino processors."
5. The industry has grown in leaps and bounds because there is a great demand for wind farms."
6. "Don't we know?" sighed Ria. "Power cuts and power cuts."
"Do you mean to say that electricity produced by harvesting wind stream will help fill up the gap?" continued Ram.

F. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. Wind.
2. Coal, petroleum and gas.
3. Ritesh, a robust nine year old was looking out enjoying the lush country side, while driver Sonu kept his eyes on the road. They passed clusters of banana trees, groves of coconut trees, and velvety green carpet of fields.
4. Ram looked out to see gigantic structures dotting the sky line, with their arms waving gently. Sonu slowed down the vehicle for him to get a clear view of the wind mills.
5. Ram thought wind mills had four sails, and were mounted on some kind of tower, and used to grind corn or wheat and to pump water into the fields.
6. They want to see the temple in Kanya Kumari and does not want to miss Vivekananda Memorial and of course, the sunset.
7. Soon they were all standing near a lattice tower mounted on four poles. It had a huge container like apparatus on top fixed almost horizontally. It had a dome like formation in the front with three wing shaped blades

- fixed on it. From the back Ram could make cut a weathervane and anemometer (he later learned what it was) on the box.
8. Nacelle which houses the low and high speed shafts, gear box and a generator.
 9. The control panel is the brain of the wind mill. It controls the functions of the wind mill with mino processors.
 10. These wind mills or WEGs made their appearance in India only in the 90s.
 11. "When the blades rotate or spin this rotation is given to the gear box and the speed is increased as per the requirement of the generator. The electricity thus produced is fed to the National Utility Grid."
 12. Waving good byes they all got into the car. Ram Sharan left that he had spent his time most usefully in the wind farm. As a busy Chartered Accountant in the busy city of Mumbai he had hardly anytime to notice what was happening around him. He realised he had to thank Sonu and Ritesh for the opportunity granted to him to see the wind mills. He once again looked with awe and respect at the giant wind mills waving their blades and bowed his head in reverence.

Word Power

A. Complete the two passages with opposites of the coloured words :

- Ans.** 1. My teacher asked me to draw a **horizontal, vertical** line but I drew **crooked, straight** line. Then she asked me to draw two **separate combine** lines and I drew **parallel, zigzag** lines.
2. There is no **demand, grant** of fresh vegetables in the market. It is due in frequent power **loading, uploading** the production had **increased, decreased**. In the **different, same** situation **stops, runs** the price of the **unnecessary, necessary** commodities will **fall, arise**.

B. Find the meaning of the given phrases :

- Ans.** 1. Some one is worth be.
 2. a short distance away.
 3. Rapidly.
 4. small but capable and controller.
 5. Lonely and upset.

Grammar In Use

A. Change these sentences from Affirmative to Negative :

- Ans.** 1. The exercise is not easy.
 2. Saurabh is not a fool/dull.
 3. No other boy is so smart as Shekhar in the class.
 4. Kavita is not very fool.
 5. Vinay is not very careful.

B. Change these sentences from Negative to Affirmative :

- Ans.** 1. Her sister works hard than Priya.
 2. Madhu runs fast.

3. I shall even remember that day.
4. He is sad there.
5. Delhi is hotter than Mumbai.

Let's Talk

Look at sentences carefully and complete them. One has been done for you :

Ans. A : I hope you are not busy this Sunday. Please make it to my house for a small party.

B : Certainly. Why are you throwing a party?

A : **My uncle is getting married. Take this invitation card for you.**

B : Thank you for the invitation. I will attend the wedding.

A : **You must come with your family on this occasion.**

B : Many thanks. We will all be there. Are you moving in the house the same day?

A : **No, we will move in it a day before the wedding. I will enjoy your presence in the party.**

B : It's always a pleasure. What would like to have as a present?

A : **I need nothing. My friend of the colony will perform a dance on this occasion. You too should join them.**

B : Wonderful! I love watching such performances and would definitely make it.

A : **I have invited Vinod, Ravi and srishti also for the function.**

B : That's a great idea. It would be nice to meet our old classmates again.

Writing Zone

Ans. Wind power is an alternative source of energy. Wind farms consist of many individual wind turbines which are connected to the electric power transmission network. Onshore wind is an inexpensive source of electricity. Wind power capacity has expanded to 369553 MW by Dec. 2014 and total wind energy production is growing rapidly and has reached around 4% of World wide electricity usage.

Suggested Activity

Ans. Do it yourself.



The Braveheart

Exercise

A. Oral Questions :

Ans. 1. bravely and confidently.

2. Yes, I am.

3. Courageous, self-established and brave hearted.

B. Select and tick (✓) the correct option :

Ans. 1. b.

2. a.

3. c.

4. b.

5. a.

C. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. Somebody pushed her from the back when she was going downstairs.
2. MRI revealed fractures in spinal cord and the compression in cord.
3. Her spinal cord which got damaged was repaired.
4. Her attitude was determined which helped her to fight it out from the situation. She drives her car which is totally modified and is controlled by hand.
5. Shruti's education helped her to be extremely independent and positive. She is a qualified engineer, works in a MNC as a manager. Her education made her self-dependent.
6. We should be self-dependent, brave hearted, courageous and determined.
7. "Braveheart"—Truelly gives justice to the name and character of Shruti. She really had a brave heart. It is proved by her attitude towards the situation.

Word Power

Look at the sentence.

- Ans.** 1. The sign says it is ten miles to Mumbai. **2**
2. The rain shows no sign of stopping. **1**
3. What sign were you born under? **5**
4. She made a sign for me to sit down by pointing at a chair. **3**
5. The road sign showed : School ahead. **2**

Grammar In Use

Look at the words and phrases below. Rearrange them to form meaningful sentences. The first one has been done as an example :

- Ans.** 1. Fasting also removes toxins from the body.
2. Take liquids every four hours during a fast.
3. During fasts grapes, juice of lemons and orange is recommended.
4. Your doctor may also recommend vegetable soup.

Let's Talk

Ans. Do it yourself.

Writing Corner

Ans. A woman place is not in the kitchen

Woman is the base of education. Every child gets primary education from his mother. Qualified mother is the requirement of society. Women's education is mandatory. It leads to self-relevance. Self-relevance leads to empowerment, and empowerment leads to equality. So it is very necessary that women get higher education so that our country can progress.

Suggested Activity

Ans. Do it yourself

Word Power

Give the synonyms of the following words, from the text :

- Ans. 1. smooth : soft
2. melodious : sweetly
3. tiny : small
4. pleasure : joy
5. coming : arriving
6. afraid : frighten

Grammar In Use

A. Which of the following words would go with the words : 'some, any, how much and how many'?

- Ans. 1. toothpaste **how much** 2. cheese **some**
3. paper **how many** 4. ink **how much**
5. hours **how many** 6. rice **some**
7. rupees **how many** 8. time **how much**
9. mangoes **how many** 10. bread **how many**
11. coffee **some** 12. petrol **how much**

B. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate verbs. The hints are given in the brackets :

- Ans. 1. The sun is **shining**.
2. He **burnt** his finger.
3. He **gave** his son a toy gun.
4. The clock **stops** by itself.
5. Your book is **lying** on the table.
6. The old beggar is **standing** by the gate.
7. The girl is **running** down the stairs.
8. The boys are **flying** their kites.
9. The driver **stopped** the car.
10. Rita was **given** a watch by her mother.

C. Following are some verbs. Make nouns out of them :

- Ans. 1. fail **failure** 2. achieve **achievement**
3. laugh **laughter** 4. define **definitely**
5. heal **healing** 6. please **pleasure**
7. arrive **arrival** 8. deny **denial**
9. begin **beginning** 10. relieve **relief**

Let's Talk

Ans Do it yourself

Writing Zone

- A. In this chapter we have read that how the heart of giant has changed? It was because of innocent love of a child. Nature is a beautiful gift given by God to us. Children are more close to God. They are drop and selfless. So where they go God will make that place full of pleasure and Joy. So we can say deep and selfless love can make a change in the heart of anyone God creates spring and flower to them who are selfless and innocent.
- B. Do it yourself.

NEP : Adaptive Education

Read about the five elements of life :

- Ans. 1. Enjoy love, happiness and laughing
2. Possess Patience and perseverance.
3. Be optimistic and adventurous.
4. Experience well in life.
5. Have sound creative knowledge.

Suggested Activity

- Ans. Do it yourself



Exercise

A. Oral Questions :

- Ans. Do it yourself.

B. Select and tick (✓) the correct option :

- Ans. 1. a. 2. c. 3. b.

C. On the basis of your understanding of the text complete the following :

- Ans. 1. For writer, the Eidgah is a place where **all worship together and it is a beautiful sight watching all people together**. All the people **worship together**. Here **wealth and status doesn't matter**.
2. After the prayer is over, the people **meet and embrace each other as it is customary**. After that **they descent on the sweet and toy vendor's stores like as army moving to as a savlt**.
3. In a swing **pay one pice and enjoy ride upto the heavens and then pummeting down on earth** and in a roundabout **strung with wooden elephants, camels of horses pay one pice and have 25 rounds of fun**.
4. Hamid stops at **the hardware stores which was after the sweets vendors where he saw a pair of tongs**. He wanted to buy them as **his grandmother at each time making chappatis burn her hand**.
5. Hamid's grandmother's temper suddenly **changed to love when she came to know that Hamid has bought it for her**. She thought **Hamid is a selfless boy and he has concern for others**.

D. State which of the following statements are correct and which are incorrect. Also correct the incorrect ones in your notebook :

- Ans. 1. Correct.
2. Incorrect, Hamid friend's Mehmood, Mohsin and Noorey mount on the elephant and camel.
3. Incorrect, Mehmood buys a soldier in khaki uniform and red turban with a rifle on his shoulder.
4. Correct.
5. Incorrect, Mehmood soldier survives but manages to break a leg while guarding the village.

C. Select the antonyms of these words from the box below :

- Ans.** 1. broad **narrow** 2. honest **dishonest**
3. polite **impolite** 4. like **dislike**
5. modern **ancient** 6. bright **dull**
7. thick **thin** 8. spicy **bland**

Grammar In Use

A. Complete the following sentences using co-ordinate clause :

- Ans.** 1. Ram called me and **asked me to play.**
2. Mohan stole money so **that he could buy his new dress.**
3. Ram is neither honest **nor good boy.**
4. We wrote a letter and **posted it.**
5. We are poor so **we can't buy new car.**
6. Either come in **or go away from here.**

B. Add adverbs to complete the passage :

Ans. The boy opened the door **slowly** Everyone was **calmly** doing their work. He could see strange faces and **that is why** he was feeling very shy. A pretty girl came **inneditcotcly** towards him and introduced herself. He was **very much** surprised to see her warm smile and response and **firmly** shook hands with her. The whole class then **heartly** greeted him. **Probably** within a week he made many friends.

Let's Talk

Ans. Do it yourself

Writing Zone

In spite of the things of pleasure, Hamid think of his poor grandmother and her sufferings. Do you think it was extraordinary? Write your own views on it :

Ans. Yes, it was extra ordinary because Hamid is a small child at this age nobody thinks about the other. Specially when the person watch every other child eating delicious things and taking rides or buying toys for themselves to play. At these things prove that Hamid was a very selfless boy and think for other before himself.

Suggested Activity

Ans. Do it yourself



Exercise

A. Select and tick (✓) the correct option :

Ans. 1. c. 2. b.

B. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. The first speaker is doubtful and worried.
2. The obstacle of life is implied when the road appears winding uphill to

the speaker because life is not easy. It has many dark and light shade. It is very long too.

3. 'Inn' is required towards the end of the journey because it is necessary for the night a resting place. No, the journey will not hide it from the traveller's view.
4. The traveller meet other wayfarers at the inn and it will take long to enter it because they will not keep you standing at the door.
5. 'Yea, beds for all who come' means that life is very easy to a great extent. All is indicated to great men who are brave and determined.

Word Power

Give homophones of the following words.

- | | | | |
|---------------|------|----------|--------|
| Ans. 1. whole | hole | 2. night | knight |
| 3. hours | ours | 4. inn | in |
| 5. meet | meat | 6. sight | site |
| 7. sore | sour | 8. weak | week |

Underline the sentences in the passive voice, in the passage below.

Ans. Forests are not entirely natural. The Forest Departments, not only try to protect and preserve forests, but they also have to try and maintain the growth of the trees.

When a forest consists of slow-growing trees, 1. it is planted with new trees, at intervals. Sometimes, 2. seeds to valuable trees are thrown into the forest, and they grow there.

3. In Kashmir, plantations are being raised of deodar, willow, etc. 4. In Madhya Pradesh, teak trees are being planted. The oldest teak plantation in the world is in Nilambur, now in Kerala. 5. This is called Conolly's plot and was set up in 1846. After this, 6. teak plantations have been set up in many others places.

7. A forest can easily be destroyed, unless it is carefully protected. The main agencies responsible for damage are uncontrolled grazing by domestic animals, browsing by wild animals, insects, fungi, fires and human interference. Of the damage by natural calamities, wind, snow and lightning do not do much harm, but floods can do a great deal of harm especially if the water does not recede quickly.

8. It is said that the surface of the world is being turned into a non-productive desert, not only because of lack of rain, but because modern man is overgrazing his cattle, and cutting down trees for firewood.

Very often 9. it has been found that forest growth has improved 10. after the forests were declared reserved, and grazing was stopped.

Wild animals also do a great deal of damage to forests. Wild elephants destroy forest plantations, as well as cultivation. Bisons, deer and pigs also eat young trees, or dig up their roots. Birds eat certain fruit, but by and large they are helpful, because they eat insects too. Bears destroy honeycombs to

get at the honey, but they eat damaging white ants also.

On the whole, wild animals do less damage in a forest, than man and his domestic animals.

Writing Zone

Ans. Life is just like a journey—we meet here many people through our life. Some are bad, some are good. We face many difficulties in our life and get overcome by our courage and will power. If we do good deeds, life is full of joy and it will be the bed of roses.



Exercise

A. Oral Questions :

- Ans.** 1. The two merchants were searching for their lost camel.
2. The merchants met an old man on the way.
3. They dragged the old man to Khalifa's court.
4. Khalifa was a king of desert.

B. Select and tick (✓) the correct option :

- Ans.** 1. b. 2. c. 3. b. 4. a. 5. a.

C. Fill in the blanks :

- Ans.** 1. The merchants were searching for their **lost camel** in a desert.
2. **The old man** was an intelligent man.
3. The **camel** was lame.
4. The camel was carrying **wheat** on one side of its back.
5. The merchants dragged the old man to the **Khalifa's** court.

D. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. The two merchants were surprised at the old man's questions because these questions related to the lost camel exactly.
2. The merchants thought that the old man had seen the camel because his questions exactly matched the lost camel.
3. They took the old man to the Khalifa because they suspected him to have stolen the goods and killed their house.
4. The old man knew that the camel was blind in one eye because it had eaten the leaves of the bushes only on one side of the road.

Word Power

A. Match the words with their meanings :

- | Ans. A | B |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| 1. without excitement | a. calmly |
| 2. a tiny insect | e. bee |
| 3. a person who buys and sells goods | b. merchant |
| 4. disabled in the leg or foot | c. lame |
| 5. the mark left by a foot or shoe | d. footprint |

B. Fill in the blanks using the given words or phrases :

- Ans.** 1. Bholu was **searching** for his ball
2. The truck was **carrying** bags of onions.
3. The teacher was **angry** because Suraj did not do his work.
4. No one could **understand** the story told by Ramesh.
5. The police **turned a blind eye** when they saw the thief was running away.
6. The camel is known as **the ship of the desert**.
7. Ramesh had not done his homework so he made **a lame excuse** of falling sick.
8. Some products in the market claim to be a **fool proof** remedy for illness.
9. Shyama has **worked hard** to secure good marks.
10. If you **leave footprints** on the sand at a beach, the sea is sure to wash them away.

Grammar In Use

Underline the prepositions in the following sentences :

- Ans.** 1. The thief hid behind the car.
2. The cat sat under the chair.
3. He walked through the street.
4. The train runs between these two cities.
5. The dog chased the cat up a tree.
6. Madhav went with Gautam to cinema.
7. We drove the car into the garbage.
8. The doctor checked the patient with a stethoscope.

Let's Talk

Ask five questions to your friend who has returned from a journey.

- Ans.** 1. Hello, Rakesh, How are you?
How did you find your Journey?
What did you see there?
How did you like this place?
Had you enjoyed a lot or not?

Writing Zone

Imagine that you are the camel in the story. Write the story using the given words :

2. There was a lake in the desert, I walk on tracks, My foot prints were made on the sand. I went back to another way. I was happy in eating leaves and I got lost in the end. I was worried. I did not find my way in sand. I was unhappy now.

Suggested Activity

- Ans.** Do it yourself



Exercise

A. Oral Questions :

- Ans. 1. Positive attitude means always be confident and be sure that you can do anything, nothing is impossible to you.
 2. We should be happy with what we have. It is the main adjustment to make our life happy, satisfaction is the key of happy life.
 3. Yes, I can change my bad habits.

B. Select and tick (✓) the correct option :

- Ans. 1. a. 2. b. 3. b.

C. Pick out some of Meena's character traits before she decided to change her attitude to life and after the complete transformation of her personality. Add a few describing words of your own. Fill in the table given below. An example has been given :

Ans. depressed	excited
gloom	smiling
cynicism	wrinkle
belittle	attractive
pessimistic	reassure
tired	paradise
alone	zest

D. Fill in the blanks :

- Ans. 1. Meena never had anything positive to say on any **subject** or about any **person**.
 2. Meena stayed alone in an apartment in **Bengaluru** as her parents lived in **Delhi**.
 3. **Old friends** and **memories** are precious and rare.
 4. The author was absolutely **dumb founded**.
 5. Meena was a **chronic** pessimist.

E. Answer the following questions :

- Ans. 1. Meena was a good friend of the author. She was an LIC officer earning a good salary. But there was something strange about her. She was always unhappy. She used to think in a negative way and so remained depressed.
 2. When the author met Meena during his official tour to Mumbai, she looked smiling and optimistic. Now there was no sign of sadness on her face. This made the author know that she had changed completely.
 3. One monsoon day, she looked out of her bedroom window and started cursing the rain. But then she saw the beggar and his grand daughter playing on the road as there was no traffic. Hunger and rain did not matter to them. She envied their zest for life.

Word Power

A. Read the phrases taken from the lesson in column A and match them with their meanings in column B. Then complete the short paragraph below :

Ans. A

to belittle the achievement

never- ending complaints

absolutely dumbfounded

zest for life

B

dismiss one's achievement as unimportant

having no end of dissatisfaction of annoyance

astonished greatly

great enthusiasm and energy for life

Ranjit Singh was a great athlete in his young days and still participates in the annual veterans' marathon race held in the city. After he shifted to a new posh locality, one day he met his next- door neighbour. He was **absolutely dumbfounded** to notice that the young man had no **zest for life** in spite of the fact that he had everything he could hope for and was leading a comfortable life. On their very first meeting Ranjit got fed up of listening to his **never ending complaints** about the problems in the colony. He tried to **belittle the achievements** of the Residents' Welfare Association which had succeeded in greening the entire colony, developing gardens and ensuring adequate water supply and electricity.

Grammar In Use

A. Read the shortened questions in the box and fill in the blanks in the conversation with suitable ones from among them :

Ans. Anita : **Where?**

Rita : I went to the shopping mall.

Anita : **Where to?**

Rita : We went to the City Centre.

Anita : **with whom?**

Rita : With my parents, of course.

Rita : The school vacation is going to start. I want to go on a holiday.

Anita : **where will you go?**

Rita : **Yes**, we need a break, don't we?

Anita : Yes, we need. **will you go**

Rita : This summer. Isn't it possible?

B. Read each idiom and its meaning given in the box. Rewrite the following sentences using suitable idioms :

Ans. 1. After the new recruit made too many mistakes, the chief told her that she'd better do **shape up or ship out**.

2. She requested him to **lend an ear** to her as she had something to say.

3. I don't remember her face, but her surname **rings a bell**.

4. He heard **through the grapevine** that the lady was resigning from her post.
5. He **put one's foot down** about it and told her to sign on the dotted line.
6. We can't cancel the event as we've already sent the invitation cards, we have come to the position after which it is **point of no return**.

Writing Zone

Ans. There was a overcrowded ferry in Mumbai. There was a 'Merry Tourist' night mare for tourist passengers. 100 persons is the capacity of ferry but there was 127 tourist on the boat. Boat was overloaded. There was an accident between the sea, the ferry was sink. 13 people died, 47 injured and 12 left hospital after first aid. Government offer of assistance to the traumatized.

Suggested Activity

Ans. Do it yourself.